## СИЛЛАБУС Весенний семестр 2023-2024 учебного года Образовательная программа «6В10102 Фармация»

| ID and title of   | Student independent<br>work (SIW)  |               | Credits number         |                           |                         | Total  | Student independent                       |  |
|---|--|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| course  |  |               | Lecture<br>(L)         | Practical<br>work<br>(PW) | Lab<br>classses<br>(LC) | numb<br>er of<br>credit<br>s   | work under teacher<br>supervision (SIWTS) |  |
| 91275<br>Statistics in<br>Pharmacy  | 4  |               | -                      | 60                        | -                       | 4  | 6   |  |
| T   |  |               |                        | CIPLINE INF               |                         |  | 7 . 0 . 0 . 1                             |  |
| Training format   | Cycle, component Type of lect  |               | ectures                |                           |                         | Form and platform of final control  Creative task in SDO Moodle  |   |  |
| offline   | B,<br>BK   |               | -                      | Seminar                   |                         |  |   |  |
| Lecturer  | Farida Iskakova  |               |                        |                           |                         |  |   |  |
| e-mail:   | iskakova.Farid   |               | lu.kz                  |                           |                         |  |   |  |
| Mobile tel.:  | +77011013086   | 5             |                        |                           |                         |  |   |  |
| Assistant   | -  |               |                        |                           |                         | _  |   |  |
| e-mail:<br>Tel.:  | -  |               |                        |                           |                         |  |   |  |
| Tel.:   | -  | ACADEN        | AIC DDECE              | NTATION O                 | E DISCIDI               | INE  |   |  |
|   |  | ACADEN        | IIC FRESE              | MIAIIONO                  | r Discifl               | INE  |   |  |
| Purpose of discipline   | Ожидаемые результаты обучения (РО)*  |               |                        |                           |                         | Индикаторы достижения РО (ИД)  |   |  |
| to form in students<br>ability of<br>systematic<br>presentation and<br>understanding of   | 1. Explain the objectives of medical statistics and its main directions, laws, and basic definitions of statistical theory statistics, methods, algorithms, and tools of statistical analysis.                                 |               |                        |                           | al theory               | <ul><li>1.1 Distinguishes between types of variables</li><li>1.2 Performs descriptive statistics on research data</li></ul>  |   |  |
| statistics as a<br>science, the role of<br>statistics in<br>medicine and<br>public health | Possess the skills to apply scientific knowledge of the theory and practice of statistical analysis.      To conduct independently the organization and statistical processing of the database of scientific research results. |               |                        |                           |                         | <ul> <li>2.1 Identifies appropriate comparison groups for epidemiologic studies.</li> <li>2.2 Distinguishes between methods of descriptive and statistical analysis depending on types of variables and samples.</li> <li>3.1 Creates a database layout (structure) in MS Excel program in accordance with the logic of the</li> </ul> |   |  |
|   | 4. Conduct statistical analysis of scientific research results.  |               |                        |                           |                         | research being conducted 3.1. according to the logic of the research being conducted.  3.2 Apply indicators of descriptive statistics according to the types of variables.  4.1. Uses statistical tools in the selection of statistical procedures. 4.1. Formulates statistical hypotheses.  |   |  |
|   |  |               |                        |                           |                         | 4.2 Determines the statistical significance of relationships and differences for all types of variables by applying the appropriate statistical criterion.   |   |  |
|   | 5. To make an analysis of statistical research based on quantitative methods and new information technologies.   |               |                        |                           |                         | <ul><li>5.1 Present results in the form of graphs and tables.</li><li>5.2 Analyzes the obtained</li></ul>  |   |  |
|   |  |               |                        |                           |                         |  | e results of statistical                  |  |
| Prerequisites   | Biostatistics[96313]   |               |                        |                           |                         |  |   |  |
| Post-requisites   | Fundamentals   | of public he  | alth research          | n [101986]                |                         |  |   |  |
| Learning sources  | <b>Literature:</b> The main  |               |                        |                           |                         |  |   |  |
|   | 1. Aviva Petrie,<br>Media, 2015. 10  | , Caroline Sa | E MAIN<br>abin. Visual | medical statist           | ics. Textboo            | k for universi   | ties. Moscow, GEOTAR-                     |  |

- 2.Nasledov A. N31 IBM S P S S Statistics 20 and AMOS: professional statistical analysis of data. SPb.: Peter, 2013. 416c.
- 3. Elizabeth De Poy, Laura N. Gitlin; per. from Engl. ed. by V.V. Vlasov. Vlasov. Methods of scientific research in medicine and public health M.: GEOTAR-Media, 2017. 432 c.
- 4. Koichubekov, M. A. Sorokina, A. S. Bukeeva [et al]; KSMU. Biostatistics in examples and tasks: textbook for universities / B. K.- Almaty: Evero, 2016.
- 5. Koichubekov B.K. Biostatistics: textbook. -Evero, 2015.

THE ADDITIONAL

- 6.Grzhibovsky A.M., Ivanov S.V., Gorbatova M.A. Descriptive statistics using the packages of Statistica and SPSS statistical programs: distribution verification // Science and Health. 2016. № 1. C. 7- 23.
- 7.Grzhibovsky Å.M., Ivanov S.V., Gorbatova M.A. Comparison of quantitative data of two independent samples using Statistica and SPSS software: parametric and nonparametric criteria // Science and Health. 2016. № 2. C. 5-28.
- 8.Grzhibovsky A.M., Ivanov S.V., Gorbatova M.A. Comparison of quantitative data of two paired samples using Statistica and SPSS software: parametric and nonparametric criteria // Science and Health. 2016. № 3. C. 5-25.
- 9.Grzhibovsky A.M., Ivanov S.V., Gorbatova M.A. Comparison of quantitative data of three and more independent samples using Statistica and SPSS software: parametric and nonparametric criteria// Science and Health Care. 2016. № 4. C. 5-37.
- 10.Grzhibovsky A.M., Ivanov S.V., Gorbatova M.A. Comparison of quantitative data of three and more paired samples using Statistica and SPSS software: parametric and nonparametric criteria // Science and Health. 2016. № 5. C. 5-29.

## Research infrastructure

## 1.Computer lab 6A

Professional research databases

www.gapminder.com

www.cdc.gov

Internet sources

http://elibrary.kaznu.kz/ru

https://www.stat.gov.kz/

Software

excel

spss

## Academic policy disciplines

Academic policy of the discipline is defined by the Academic Policy and Academic Integrity Policy of Al-Farabi KazNU.

The documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

Integration of science and education. Research work of students, masters and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at the departments, laboratories, scientific and project divisions of the university, in student scientific and technical associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at the development of research skills and competencies on the basis of obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies. The teacher of the research university integrates the results of scientific activity into the topics of lectures and seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes and in the assignments of SROP, SROP, which are reflected in the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.

Attendance. The deadline for each assignment is specified in the calendar (schedule) of the implementation of the content of the discipline. Failure to meet deadlines will result in loss of points.

All learners, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by telephone / e-mail +77088589510/Karashash.Absatarova@kaznu.kz. либо посредством видеосвязи в Join Zoom Meeting https://us04web.zoom.us/j/77801302391?pwd=c0I5647lwe4woqZ5EJPBCNJJ42masY.1 Meeting ID: 778 0130 2391

Passcode: 7ZaZwz

Integration of MEP (massive open online course). In case of integration of MEP into the discipline, all students need to register for MEP. The deadlines for MEP modules must be strictly adhered to in accordance with the schedule of the discipline.

ATTENTION: The deadline for each assignment is specified in the calendar (schedule) of the implementation of the content of the discipline, as well as in the MEP. Failure to comply with deadlines leads to loss of points.

|            |                              | INFORM   | ATION ON TEAC       | HING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMEN  | NT  |  |  |
|------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Point-rati |                              | of learning achieve  | monta               | Assessment methods  |   |  |  |
| Scores     | Digital equivalent of points | of learning achieve<br>scores,<br>%<br>contentсодерж<br>ание | Traditional scores  | Criterion-referenced assessment is the process of correlating actual learning outcomes with expected learning outcomes based on clearly defined criteria. It based on formative and summative assessment.  Formative assessment is a type of assessment that is carried out in the course   |   |  |  |
| A          | 4,0                          | 95–100   | Excellent           | daily learning activities. It is a current indicator of learning achievement. Provides an operational relationship between the student and the teacher. It allows us to determine the capabilities of the student, to identify difficulties, to help in achieving the best results, and to correct the educational process of the teacher in a timely manner. Evaluate the fulfillment of tasks and activities in the classroom |   |  |  |
| A-         | 3,67                         | 90–94  |                     |   |   |  |  |
| B+         | 3,33                         | 85–89  | Good                | during lectures, seminars, and practical claround tables, laboratory work, etc.). acquire assessed.  Summative assessment is a type of assessmenthe study of a section in accordance with a carried out 3-4 times per semester when performastering the expected learning outcomes in you to determine and record the level of mas period.  | asses (discussions, quizzes, debates, and knowledge and competencies are not, which is conducted at the end of the program of the discipline. It is forming SLOs. It is an assessment of correlation with descriptors. Allows |  |  |
| В          | 3,0                          | 80–84  |                     | Formative and summative assessment  | Scores % content  |  |  |
| B-         | 2,67                         | 75–79  |                     | Formative and summative assessment  |   |  |  |
| C+         | 2,33                         | 70–74  |                     | Activity in lectures  | 40  |  |  |
| С          | 2,0                          | 65–69  | Satisfied           | Work at practical classes   | 50  |  |  |
| C-         | 1,67                         | 60–64  |                     | Independent work  | 10  |  |  |
| D+         | 1,33                         | 55–59  |                     | Control work  | 60  |  |  |
| D          | 1,0                          | 50–54  |                     | Project and creative activity   | 40  |  |  |
| FX         | 0,5                          | 25–49  | unsatisfied         | TOTAL   | 100   |  |  |
| F          | 0                            | 0  |                     |   |   |  |  |
|            | Schedule o                   | of the realizatio  | n of the content of | the discipline. Methods of teaching and   | l learning  |  |  |
| Week       |                              |  | Title               | e of topic  | hours Max.<br>scores  |  |  |
|            |                              |  |                     | lamentals of medical statistics   |   |  |  |
| 1          | Basic requ                   | irements for s   | ampling. Software   | Types of population. Sampling populate for data analysis and processing. Apg of formula. Statistical function. Logical function.  | plication   |  |  |

| 2      | Class 2. Variation series. Construction of a variational series. Sturges formula.  | 4    | 6       |
|--------|--|------|---------|
|        | Performing basic operations on data in SPSS. Data selection. Data transformation.  |      |         |
|        | Calculating new variables.   |      |         |
| 3      | Class 3. Averages. Weighted arithmetic means. Moda.Median.   | 4    | 6       |
|        | SIWTS 1. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 1  | 3,33 | _       |
| 4      |  | 4    | 6       |
| -      | Class 4. The concept of variability in statistical analysis. Calculation of standard deviation.  | 7    |         |
|        | SIW 1. "Calculating the parameters of descriptive statistics".   | 10   | 25      |
| 5      | Class 5. Nature of distribution option. Normal distribution. Characterization of population units. Descriptive statistics. Software for data analysis and processing. Application of Ms.Excel in medical statistics. Analysis package. Statistical criteria for testing distributions in SPSS. | 4    | 6       |
|        | SIWTS 2. Colloquium (Test).  | 3,33 | -       |
|        | MODULE 2. Statistical methods of data processing.  |      | ı       |
| 6      | Class 6. Parametric criteria for assessing the validity of differences   | 4    | 6       |
|        | of repeated measurements. Algorithm of application of paired Student's t-criterion.  |      |         |
|        | Parametric tests in SPSS. Comparisons of dependent groups.   |      |         |
|        | SIWTS 3. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 2  | 3,33 | 10      |
| 7      | Class7. Parametric criteria for assessing the reliability of differences between two   | 4    | 6       |
|        | independent samples. Algorithm of application of Student's t-criterion. Parametric tests in  |      |         |
|        | SPSS. Comparisons of independent groups.   |      |         |
|        | SIW 2. "Solving a problem on the application of paired t-criterion   | 10   | 25      |
|        | Student's t-test."   |      |         |
| Midter | <u> </u>   |      | 100     |
| 8      | Class 8. Analyzing qualitative traits. Contingency tables: criterion χ2. Fisher's exact test. Statistical criteria for conjugation tables in the SPSS.   | 4    | 5       |
|        | SIWTS 4. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 3.   | 3,33 | -       |
| 9      | Class 9. Nonparametric methods for assessing the reliability of two dependent and independent samples. The criterion of signs. Algorithm application Wilcoxon's T-criterion. Rosenbaum's Q-criterion. Algorithm of application of  | 4    | 5       |
|        | Mann-Whitney U-Test. Non-parametric tests in SPSS.   | 10   | 25      |
| 10     | SIW 3. «Solving the problem of applying the criterion $\chi$ 2».   | 4    | 25<br>5 |
|        | Class 10. Analysis of dynamic series. The main indicators of the dynamic series.   |      |         |
| 11     | Class 11. Methods of equalization of dynamic series. Determination of seasonality indices.   | 4    | 5       |
| 12     | Class 12. Definition of dependence and relationship between phenomena. Pearson's correlation coefficient. Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. Linear regression analysis.   | 4    | 5       |
|        | SIWTS 5. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 4.   | 3,33 | -       |
| 13     | Class 13. Logistic regression.   | 4    | 5       |
|        | SIWTS 6. Colloquium (Test).  | 3,33 | 10      |
| 14     | Class 14. Construction of a survival curve using the Kaplan-Meier method.  | 4    | 5       |
| 15     | Class 15. Correlationl   | 4    | 5       |
|        | SIW 4. «Problem solving by topics».  | 10   | 25      |
| Midter |  |      | 100     |
|        | spection (exam)  |      | 100     |
| TOTAL  | for discipline   |      | 100     |

| Dean     | Isayeva <u>R.B.</u>   |
|----------|-----------------------|
| Chair    | <u>Ualliyeva A.E.</u> |
| Lecturer | Iskakova F.A.         |